

Problem Gambling Reference Sheet

Definitions

- **Gambling** is defined as risking something of value on the outcome of an event when the probability of winning is less than certain.
- **Problem Gambling** is persistent and repeated gambling behavior that disrupts personal, family, or professional pursuits.

Statistics

- Close to 90% of people will gamble in their lifetime
- Of the general adult population, 2-3.5% of them will experience a problem with gambling in their lifetime
- The rate of gambling disorder goes up tremendously when you consider people with a mental health disorder and/or another addiction.

Signs and Symptoms

- 1. Needs to gamble with increasing amounts of money in order to achieve the desired excitement.
- 2. Is restless or irritable when attempting to cut down or stop gambling.
- 3. Has made repeated unsuccessful efforts to control, cut back, or stop gambling.
- 4. Is often preoccupied with gambling (e.g., having persistent thoughts of reliving past gambling experiences, handicapping or planning the next venture, thinking of ways to get money with which to gamble).
- 5. Often gambles when feeling distressed (e.g., helpless, guilty, anxious, depressed).
- After losing money gambling, often returns another day to get even ("chasing" one's losses).
- 7. Lies to conceal the extent of involvement with gambling.
- 8. Has jeopardized or lost a significant relationship, job, or educational or career opportunity because of gambling.
- 9. Relies on others to provide money to relieve desperate financial situations caused by gambling.